CEMENT AND CONCRETE REFERENCE LABORATORY PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM

Final Report Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples Number 17 and Number 18

November 2004



CEMENT AND CONCRETE REFERENCE LABORATORY

AT THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY GAITHERSBURG, MARYLAND 20899 (301) 975-6704

SPONSORED BY COMMITTEE C-1 ON CEMENT COMMITTEE C-9 ON CONCRETE AND CONCRETE AGGREGATES AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS

100 Bureau Dr., Stop 8618 Fax: 301-975-2243 e-mail: ccrl@nist.gov

November 8, 2004

To: Participants in the CCRL Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Sample Program

SUBJECT: Final Report for Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples No. 17 and No. 18

Following is the report for the current pair of CCRL **Concrete Masonry Units** Proficiency Samples which were distributed in July 2004.

This report consists of a statistical Summary of Results, a set of general Scatter Diagrams, and associated detailed information. The Table of Results with individualized information for laboratory can be downloaded at our website located at: <u>http://www.ccrl.us/psp/pspdata.htm</u>.

The CCRL Proficiency Sample Programs are intended for internal use by the laboratory as a tool to identify potential problems in laboratory procedures or test equipment and to initiate remedial actions. These programs are designed to complement the CCRL Laboratory Inspection Program as part of a total quality system. Care should be taken when using this program for any other use.

Additional samples of these two concrete masonry units and other CCRL samples are available for purchase. These samples may be useful for equipment verification, technician training, and research. Contact CCRL for availability and price.

It is presently anticipated that the next Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples will be distributed in July 2005

Sincerely,

Polin K. Haupt

Robin K. Haupt Supervisor, Proficiency Sample Programs Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory Materials and Construction Research Division Building and Fire Research Laboratory

Enclosure

To: Participants in the CCRL Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Sample Program

FROM: Robin K. Haupt, Supervisor, PSP

SUBJECT: Explanation of Final Report on Results of Tests on Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples No. 17 and No. 18

This letter, and the material included with it, constitute the final report, and summary of results for the current pair of Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples, which were distributed in July 2004. This material includes a Table of Results for Individual laboratory data, a statistical Summary of Results, and a set of general scatter diagrams. Your unique laboratory number is displayed at the top of the Individual Table of Results.

An explanation of the program is contained in the paper: "Statistical Evaluation of Interlaboratory Cement Tests" by J. R. Crandall and R. L. Blaine <u>View document</u>, and "Statistical Aspects of the Cement Testing Program" by W.J. Youden <u>View document</u>, which can be found in Volume 59, Proceedings of the 62nd Annual Meeting of the Society, June 25, 1959, American Society for Testing and Materials.

Laboratory Ratings

Each laboratory receives an individualized Laboratory Ratings. Each line of the ratings shows the test title and the reporting unit in the first two columns. After that it lists in order, the laboratory's results for the odd and even numbered samples, overall averages for the odd and even numbered samples, and the laboratory's ratings for the odd and even samples. Please note that individual laboratory ratings were not given for some test results. These results were gathered for information at the request of consulting ASTM Committee member.

The ratings for the individual laboratory were determined in the manner described by Crandall and Blaine using a rating scale of 1 to 5 instead of 0 to 4. The ratings have no valid standing beyond showing the difference between the individual laboratory result and the average for a particular test.

The following table details the relationship between the ratings and the averages.

Ratings	Range (Number of Standard Deviations)	Number (Per 100) of Laboratories achieving the rating ¹		
5	Less than 1	69		
4	1 to 1.5	18		
3	1.5 to 2	9		
2	2 to 2.5	3		
1	Greater than 2.5	1		

The sign of the rating merely shows whether the result reported was greater or less than the average obtained.

¹Youden, W.J., "Statistical Aspects of the Cement Testing Program", *Proceedings of the American Society for testing and Materials Volume 59*, 1959.

In cases where some laboratories' results are eliminated, averages, standard deviations, coefficients of variation, and the ratings of the other laboratories' results, are recalculated using the data remaining after the elimination. Since the laboratory ratings given are the results from this one series of tests, you need not attach too much significance to a single low rating, or pair of ratings, from this one series. A continuing tendency to get low ratings on several pairs of samples should lead a laboratory to consider the types of error, systematic and random, contribute to ratings that are low. Systematic error, which is indicated by low ratings with the same signs on each pair of samples, means a consistent error is occurring in equipment and/or test procedures. One indication of random error is low ratings on both samples with different signs... Since systematic error occurs with more regularity, its cause is generally easier to find than the cause of random error.

Summary of Results

The Summary of Results provide the statistical summary for each test. Each line lists the test, the number of participants represented, the averages, standard deviations and coefficients of variations. When necessary the data from the test is represented in two lines, one line with all results reported, and then a second line with outlying results omitted. Sometimes two or more recalculations are required to eliminate all outliers from the test. In these cases, all of the laboratories omitted in previous recalculations are also omitted in subsequent ones. Results omitted are values that are more than three standard deviations from the mean of one or both samples. Elimination of these outlying results may little effect on the average, but may have a more pronounced effect on the standard deviation and coefficient of variation.

Scatter Diagrams

General scatter diagrams are supplied with this report. Crandall and Blaine describe the manner of preparing scatter diagrams, and their interpretation, in the paper published in the 1959 ASTM Proceedings.

Using the results received from each laboratory, a scatter diagram is generated for each test method by plotting the value for the odd numbered samples on the *X*, or horizontal axis, against the value for the even numbered samples on the *Y*, or vertical axis. Vertical and horizontal dashed lines, which divide the diagrams into four sections or quadrants, place the average values for the odd and even numbered samples, respectively. The first line of print under the diagram includes the test number, as given on the data sheet, the test title, and the number of data points on the diagrams. The number of plotted points may not agree with the total number of data pairs included in the analysis because a few points may be off the diagram, and some points may represent several data pairs, which are identical. Laboratories whose points are off the diagram will have a rating of ± 1 for that particular test.

As described in Crandall and Blaine, a tight circular pattern of points around the intersection of the median lines is the ideal situation. Stretching out of the pattern into the first (upper right) and third (lower left) quadrants, suggests some kind of bias, or tendency for laboratories to get high or low results on both samples. Examination of the scatter diagrams indicates strong evidence of bias on many tests.

CCRL PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM Concrete Masonry Units Proficiency Samples No. 17 and No. 18 Final Report - November 8, 2004

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

		Sample No. 17					Sample No. 18			
Test	#Labs		Average	S.D.	C.V.	Average	S.D.	C.V.		
				С	OMPRESSIC	on Units				
Received Weight	lb	*	71	11.30	0.28	2.52	10.21	0.25	2.45	
Received Weight	lb		70	11.31	0.27	2.35	10.19	0.19	1.88	
Max Comp Load	lbf	*	72	45673	8359.2	18.3	31636	5613.2	17.7	
Max Comp Load	lbf		71	45733	8403.1	18.4	31990	4770.9	14.9	
Comp Strength	psi		72	2218	438.1	19.8	1574	240.5	15.3	
				A	BSORPTIO	N UNITS				
Received Weight	lb	*	71	11.36	0.29	2.56	10.12	0.24	2.34	
Received Weight	lb		70	11.37	0.26	2.32	10.10	0.16	1.59	
Width	inch	*	71	2.75	0.021	0.769	2.74	0.021	0.756	
Width	inch		69	2.75	0.018	0.637	2.74	0.017	0.612	
Height	inch	*	71	7.63	0.028	0.368	7.63	0.024	0.309	
Height	inch		70	7.63	0.025	0.329	7.62	0.021	0.272	
Length	inch	*	71	7.63	0.031	0.402	7.63	0.028	0.375	
Length	inch		69	7.63	0.027	0.357	7.63	0.023	0.304	
				CONTINUED	ON NEXT PA	AGE				

* ELIMINATED LABS: Data over three S.D. from the mean

COMPRESSION UNITS				
Received Weight (CU)	537			
Max Compressive Load	537			
ABSORPTION UNITS				
Received Weight (AU)	537			
Width	280 1223			
Height	951			
Length	20 926			

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SUMMARY OF RESULTS

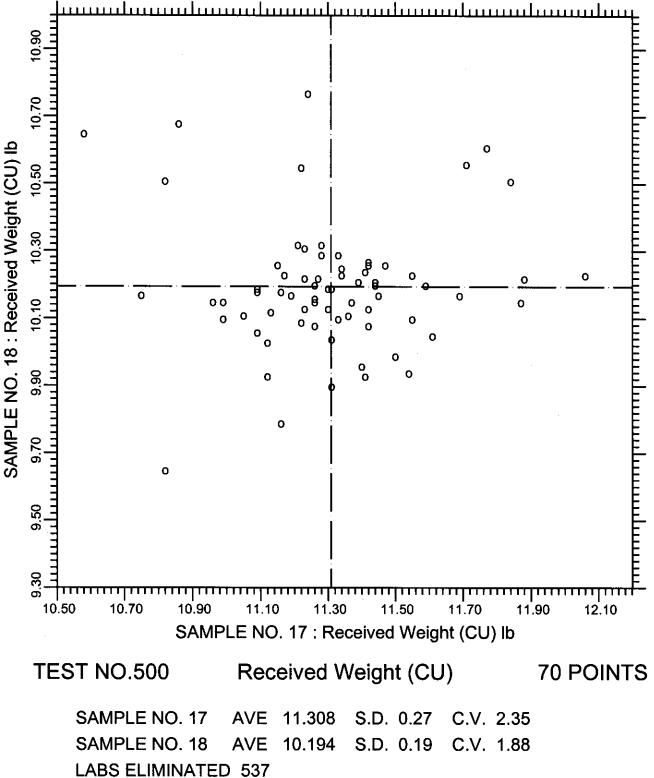
		Sample No. 17					Sample No. 18		
Test	#Labs		abs	Average	S.D.	C.V.	Average	S.D.	C.V.
ABSORPTION UNITS (continued)									
Immersed Weight	lb		71	6.65	0.28	4.26	5.51	0.26	4.65
Immersed Weight	lb	*	70	6.66	0.26	3.84	5.49	0.20	3.73
Saturated Weight	lb		71	12.16	0.29	2.36	11.01	0.27	2.44
Saturated Weight	lb	*	69	12.17	0.27	2.24	11.00	0.15	1.39
Oven-Dry Weight	lb		71	11.13	0.30	2.75	9.81	0.26	2.63
Oven-Dry Weight	lb	*	70	11.14	0.27	2.46	9.79	0.18	1.82
Net Area	ft ³		70	21.73	8.8	40.6	21.74	9.3	42.8
Net Area	ft^3	*	68	20.43	0.60	2.92	20.37	0.64	3.12
Absorption	lb/ft ³		70	11.6	1.3	10.9	13.7	1.4	10.5
Absorption	lb/ft ³	*	68	11.8	0.99	8.36	13.9	0.90	6.44
Density	lb/ft ³		70	126.2	4.4	3.48	111.6	4.7	4.22
Density	lb/ft ³	*	66	126.0	3.4	2.73	110.8	3.3	2.98

* ELIMINATED LABS: Data over three S.D. from the mean

ABSORPTION UNITS

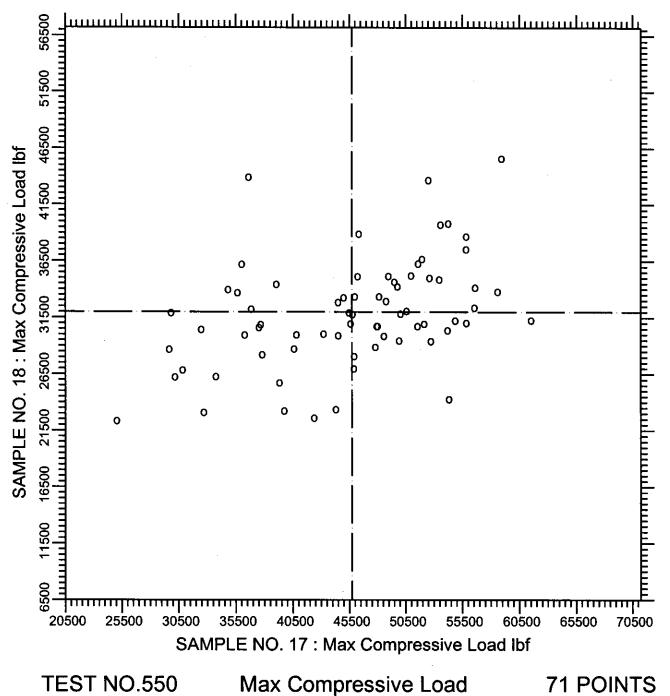
537
537 1311
537
537 869
270 1279
270 537 1279 1589

CCRL PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM Received Weight - Compression Units CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS SAMPLES NO. 17 & NO. 18

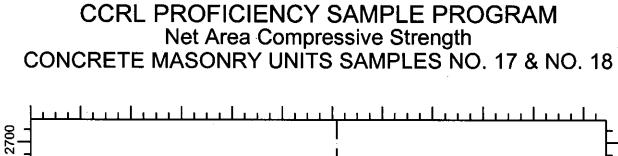


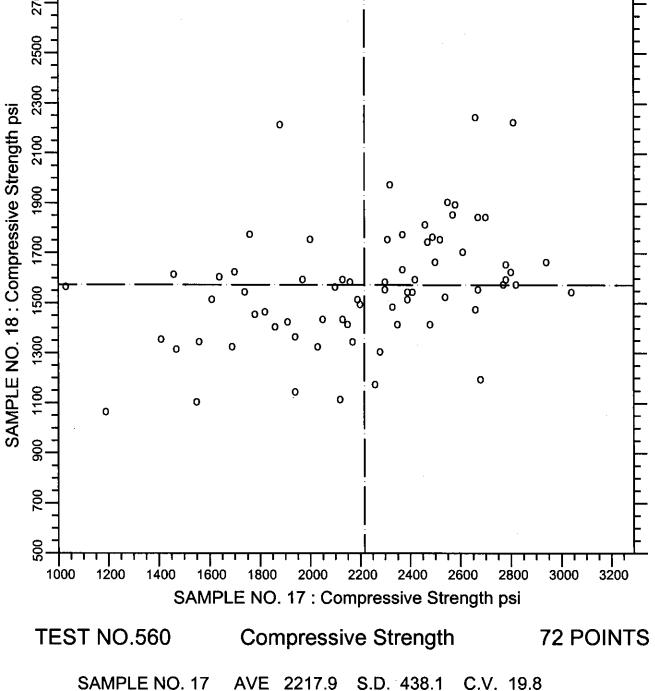
NATED 537





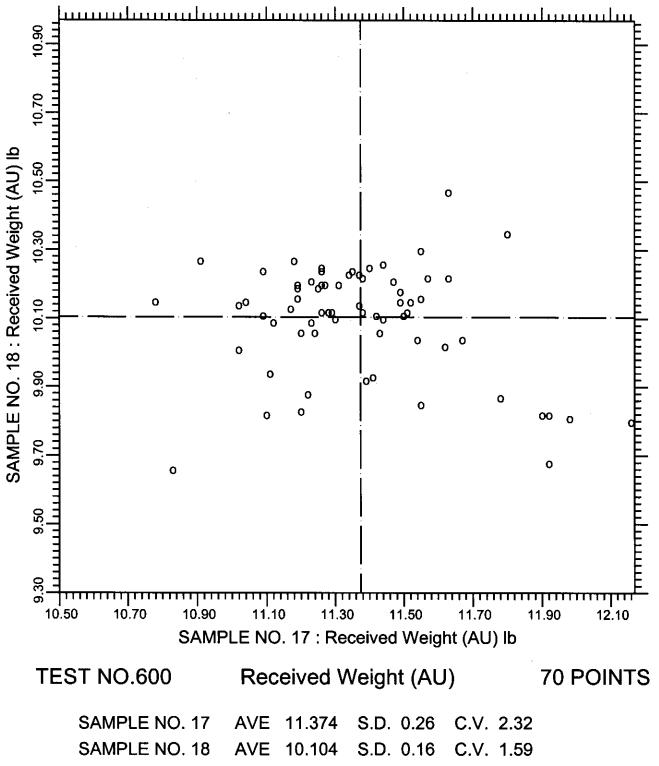
SAMPLE NO. 17 AVE 45733.1 S.D. 8403.1 C.V. 18.4 SAMPLE NO. 18 AVE 31990.4 S.D. 4770.9 C.V. 14.9 LABS ELIMINATED 537





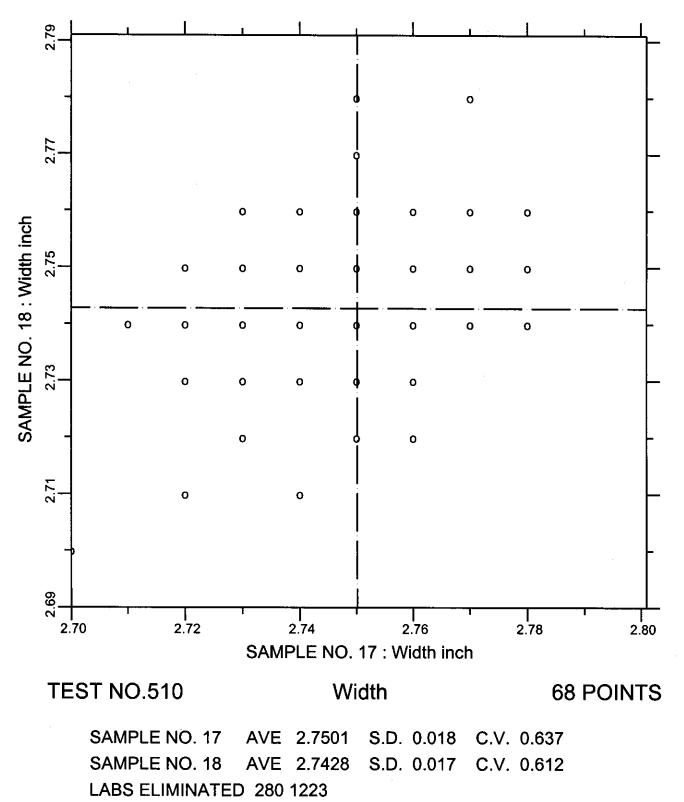
SAMPLE NO. 18 AVE 1573.5 S.D. 240.5 C.V. 15.3





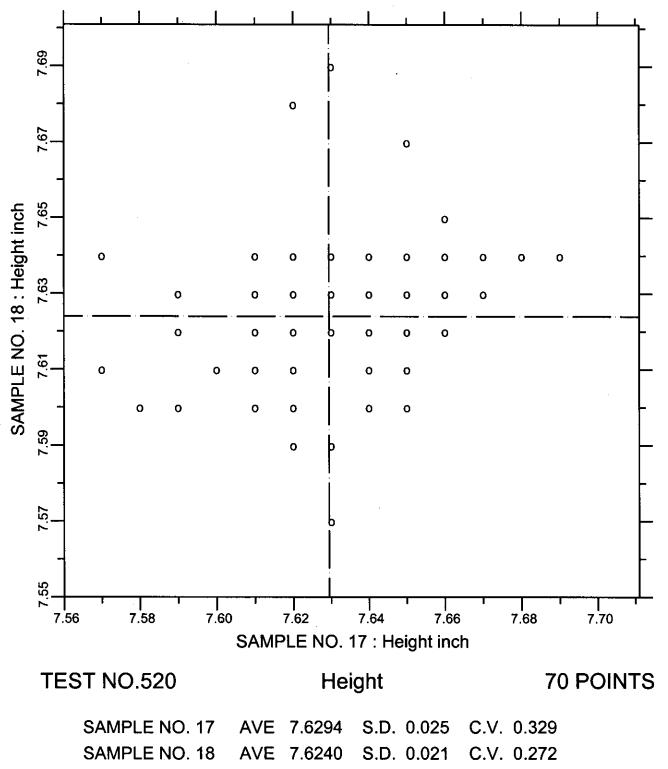
LABS ELIMINATED 537

CCRL PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM Width CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS SAMPLES NO. 17 & NO. 18



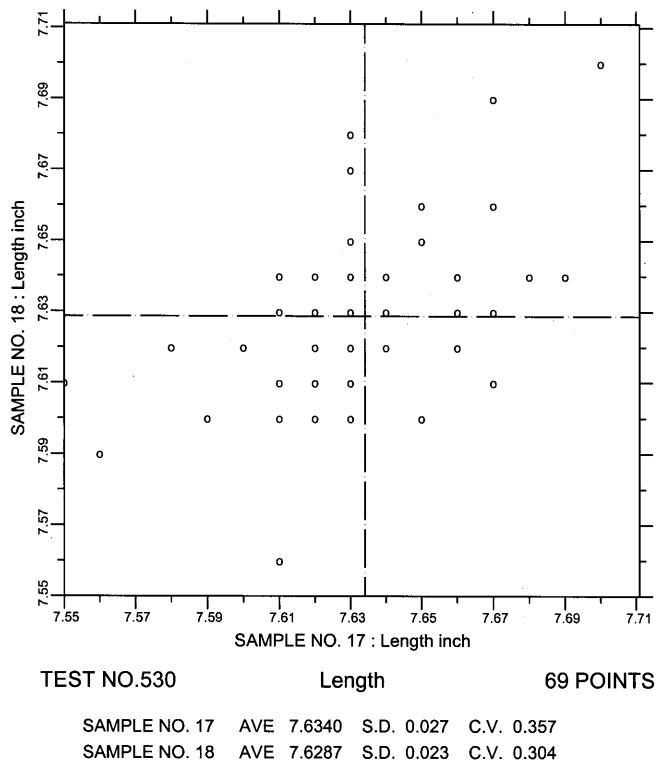
LABS OFF DIAGRAM 672

CCRL PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM Height CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS SAMPLES NO. 17 & NO. 18



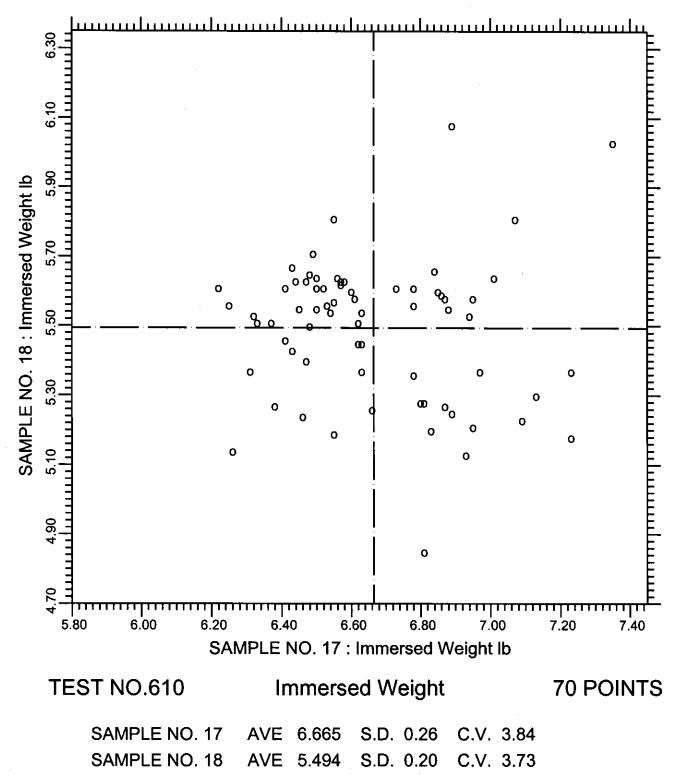
LABS ELIMINATED 951

CCRL PROFICIENCY SAMPLE PROGRAM Length CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS SAMPLES NO. 17 & NO. 18

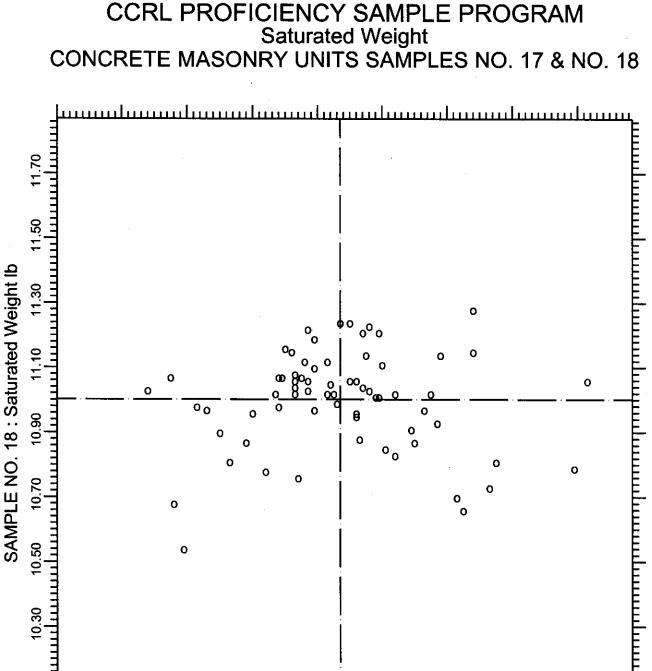


LABS ELIMINATED 20 926





LABS ELIMINATED 537



11.30 11.50 11.70 11.90 12.10 12.30 12.50 12.70 12.90 SAMPLE NO. 17 : Saturated Weight Ib

10.10

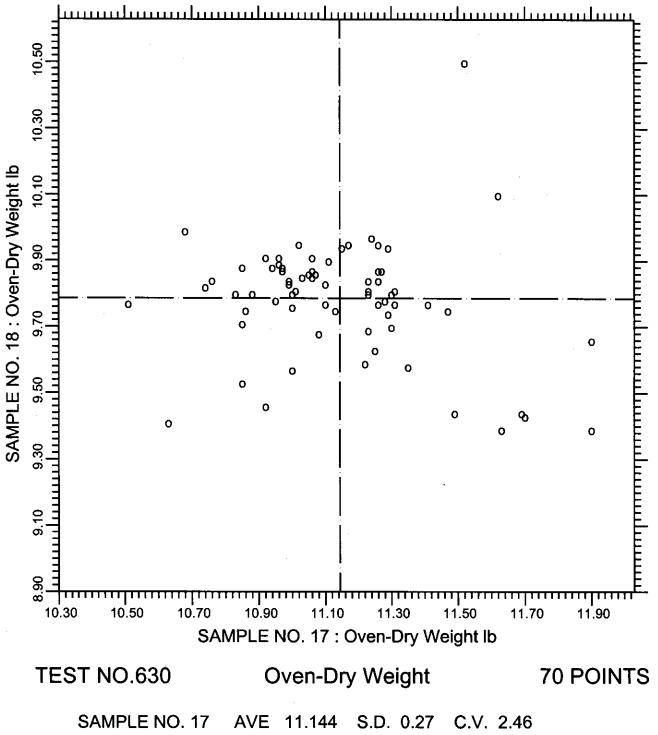
 TEST NO.620
 Saturated Weight
 69 POINTS

 SAMPLE NO. 17
 AVE
 12.170
 S.D.
 0.27
 C.V.
 2.24

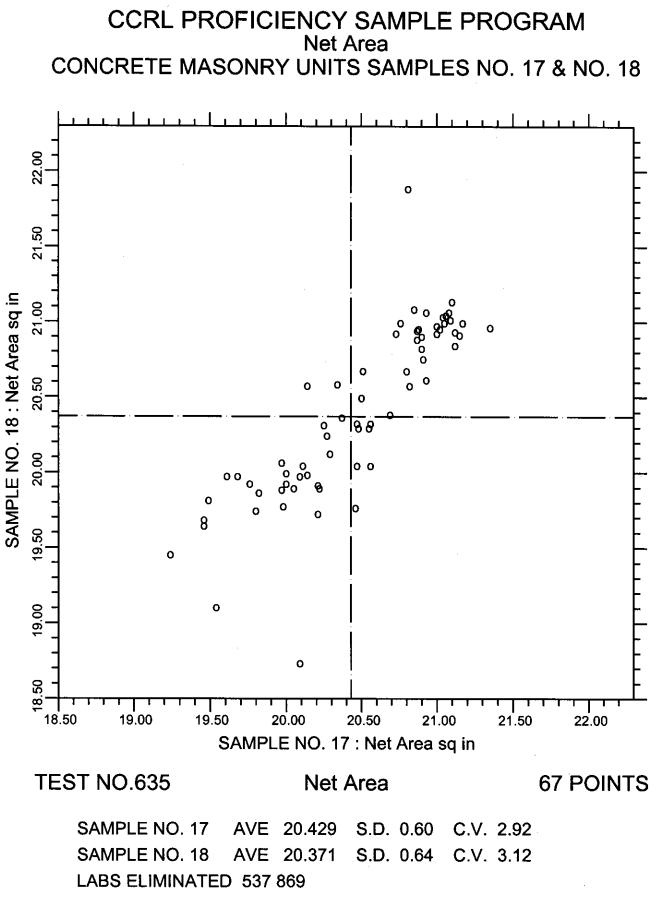
 SAMPLE NO. 18
 AVE
 11.001
 S.D.
 0.15
 C.V.
 1.39

 LABS ELIMINATED
 537
 1311



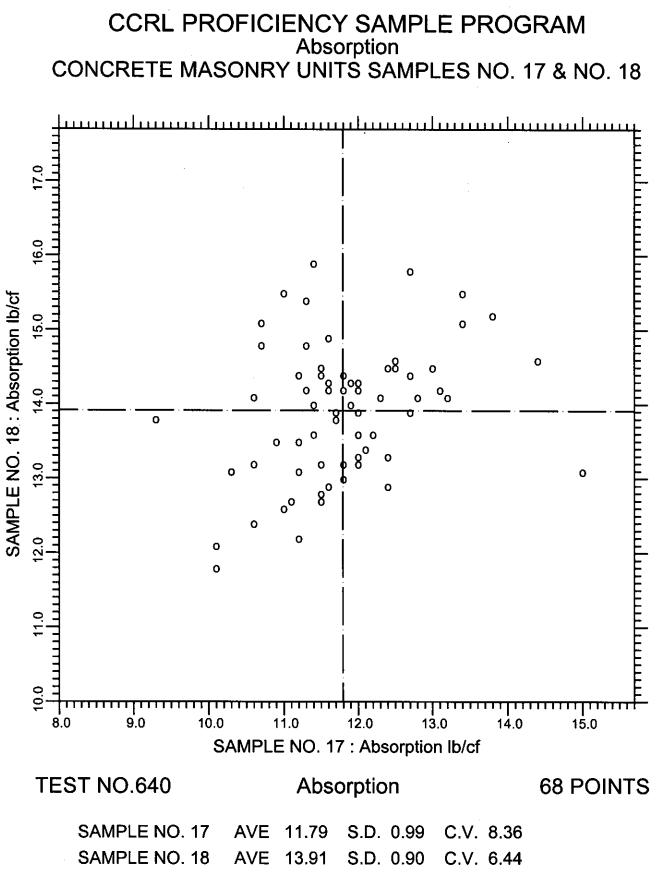


SAMPLE NO. 18 AVE 9.786 S.D. 0.18 C.V. 1.82 LABS ELIMINATED 537



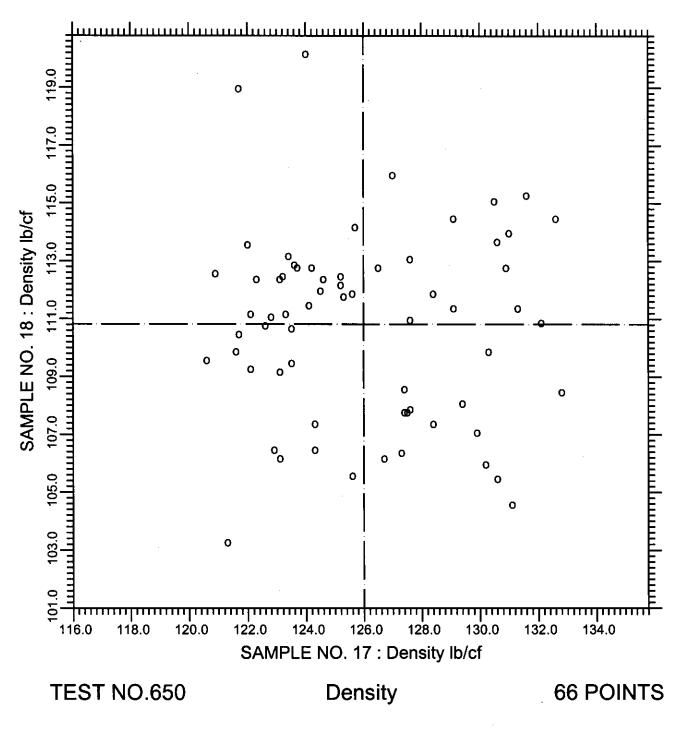
LABS OFF DIAGRAM 1589

JRAW 1569



LABS ELIMINATED 270 1279





 SAMPLE NO. 17
 AVE
 125.99
 S.D.
 3.4
 C.V.
 2.73

 SAMPLE NO. 18
 AVE
 110.82
 S.D.
 3.3
 C.V.
 2.98

 LABS ELIMINATED
 270
 537
 1279
 1589